Amendment under 37 CFR §1.111 Application No.: 10/578,301 Attorney Docket No.: 062506

## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

The listing of claims below replaces all prior versions of claims in the application.

1. (Currently Amended): A communication method, comprising:

Art Unit: 2611

[[for]] transmitting a multipath characteristic measurement signal and a plurality of data transmission signals from a transmitter device of a communication system, wherein the multipath characteristic measurement signal and data transmission signals being received by a reception processing device of the communication system,

wherein, in the reception processing device, the multipath characteristic measurement signal and data transmission signals are a signal array formed by a plurality of coefficient matrices each having row vectors that are orthogonal to one another within the matrices and which comprise at least one coefficient array that is common in the column direction or row direction: and

the multipath characteristic measurement signal formed by the respective coefficient matrices is the same signal array formed by the one common coefficient array.

2. (Original): The communication method according to claim 1, wherein a multipath characteristic measurement signal array is formed by using one row vector or column vector coefficient array with respect to the multipath characteristic measurement signal, and, by forming a data transmission signal array by using a row vector coefficient array that is orthogonal to the row vector or a column vector coefficient array that is orthogonal to the column vector with

Application No.: 10/578,301 Amendment under 37 CFR §1.111
Art Unit: 2611 Attorney Docket No.: 062506

respect to the plurality of data transmission signals, the transmitted multipath characteristic

measurement signal and plurality of data transmission signals are uncorrelated.

3. (Original): The communication method according to claim 2, wherein the row vector

or column vector is a row vector or column vector that a Hadamard matrix or unitary matrix

comprises.

4. (Previously Presented): The communication method according to claim 2, wherein the

number of row vectors or column vectors used in the formation of the data transmission signal

array is established on the basis of the received multipath characteristic measurement signals.

5. (Previously Presented): The communication method according to claim 2, wherein the

interval between the multipath characteristic measurement signals in the multipath characteristic

measurement signal array and the interval between the data transmission signals in the data

transmission signal array are changed on the basis of the received multipath characteristic

measurement signals.

6. (Previously Presented): The communication method according to claim 1, wherein an

arbitrary user arbitrarily has a matched filter that corresponds with a coefficient array that is used

in the formation of a transmission data array and receives an arbitrary data transmission signal

via the matched filter.

- 3 -

Application No.: 10/578,301 Amendment under 37 CFR §1.111
Art Unit: 2611 Attorney Docket No.: 062506

7. (Currently Amended): A method of forming a transmission signal <u>in a reception</u> <u>processing device</u>, comprising the steps of:

forming, in the reception processing device, a matrix of an arbitrary length by selecting, from a plurality of orthogonal square matrices that comprise a common row vector or column vector, the common row vector or column vector and an arbitrary number of row vectors or column vectors that are orthogonal to the [common] common row vector or column vector:

forming, in the reception processing device, a multipath characteristic measurement signal array by multiplying each of the coefficient arrays of the common row vector or column vector by a multipath characteristic measurement signal;

forming, in the reception processing device, a data transmission signal array by multiplying each of the coefficient arrays of the other row vector or column vector in the matrix by each of the plurality of data transmission signals; and

rendering, in the reception processing device, the multipath characteristic measurement signal array and data transmission signal array a transmission signal.

8. (Original): The method of forming a transmission signal according to claim 7, wherein the orthogonal square matrix is a Hadamard matrix or a unitary matrix.

- 4 -

Application No.: 10/578,301 Amendment under 37 CFR §1.111
Art Unit: 2611 Attorney Docket No.: 062506

9. (Currently Amended): The method of forming a transmission signal according to claim 7, wherein, when forming a multipath characteristic measurement signal array and a data

transmission signal array by multiplying the respective row vector or column vector coefficient

arrays by the multipath characteristic measurement signal and data transmission signal,

[[0]] zero data sequence of a predetermined length is added between the respective signals multiplied by the coefficient arrays and the interval between the multipath characteristic measurement signals in the multipath characteristic measurement signal array and the interval

between the data transmission signals in the data transmission signal array are determined.

10. (Previously Presented): The communication method according to claim 7, wherein the number of row vectors or column vectors used in the formation of the data transmission signal array is established on the basis of the received multipath characteristic measurement

signals.

11. (Original): The method of forming a transmission signal according to claim 9, wherein the interval between the multipath characteristic measurement signals in the multipath characteristic measurement signal array and the interval between the data transmission signals in the data transmission signal array are changed on the basis of the received multipath characteristic measurement signals.

- 5 -

Application No.: 10/578,301 Amendment under 37 CFR §1.111

Art Unit: 2611 Attorney Docket No.: 062506

12. (Previously Presented): A transmission signal data structure formed by the method of forming a transmission signal according to claim 6.